## Novel Solution－Processed Small Molecule OPV Cell Materials



DIBSQ was a novel molecule that had been developed as a donor，in which the squaraine moiety was condensed with electron－rich aromatic moiety used in solution－processed organic photovoltaic cells．

DIBSQ also exhibits a broad band UV absorption from 500 nm up to 750 nm ，SQ film from a solution process has a hole mobility of $3.54 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \mathrm{~V}^{-1} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ ．Upon blending with $\mathrm{PC}_{71} \mathrm{BM}$ ，it drops further by one order of magnitude．At room temperature，the averaged values of electron and the hole mobilities from multiple devices range about $10^{-4}$ and $10^{-5} \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \mathrm{~V}^{-1} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ respectively．At $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ，the hole mobilities increased by at least 2 times，while electron mobilities slightly increased．

Moreover，a solution－processed organic solar cell employing DIBSQ combined with the electron acceptor $\mathrm{PC}_{71} \mathrm{BM}$ achieved high power conversion efficiency（PCE）of $4.0 \%$ with $V_{o c}$ of $\sim 0.93 \mathrm{~V}, J_{s c}$ of $10.6 \mathrm{~mA} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ，and fill factor of 0.41 at room temperature，efficiency was even improved to $5.1 \%$ at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ mainly result from the improvement of photocurrent extraction．

