



REPORT NUMBER: 101118336SAT-001A Rev 1

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## **EVALUATION CENTER**

Intertek Testing Services NA Inc. 16015 Shady Falls Road Elmendorf, TX 78112

# RENDERED TO

Visound Acustica Lda Rua Quinta do Bom Retiro No. 16 Armazem 9 CHARNECA DA CAPARICA 2820-690 PORTUGAL

Report of Testing "Multifuser Wood 36, Multifuser Wood 64" for compliance with the applicable requirements of the following criteria: ASTM E84-12c TEST FOR SURFACE BURNING CHARACTERISTICS OF BUILDING MATERIALS (UL 723, UBC 8-1, NFPA 255)

## **ABSTRACT**

Specimen I. D. "Multifuser Wood 36, Multifuser Wood 64"

Test Standard: ASTM E84-12c TEST FOR SURFACE BURNING

CHARACTERISTICS OF BUILDING MATERIALS (UL

723, UBC 8-1, NFPA 255)

Test Date: May 9, 2013

Client: Visound Acustica Lda

Test Results:

FLAME SPREAD INDEX 40 SMOKE DEVELOPED INDEX 185

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David ? Bayle May 14, 2013

Darrell Gonzales Technician II

Reviewed and approved:

Servando Romo May 16, 2013

**Project Manager** 



## I. INTRODUCTION

This report describes the results of the ASTM E84-12c TEST FOR SURFACE BURNING CHARACTERISTICS OF BUILDING MATERIALS a method for determining the comparative surface burning behavior of building materials. This test is applicable to exposed surfaces, such as ceilings or walls, provided that the material or assembly of materials, by its own structural quality or the manner in which it is tested and intended for use, is capable of supporting itself in position or being supported during the test period.

The purpose of the method is to determine the relative burning behavior of the material by observing the flame spread along the specimen. Flame spread and smoke density developed are reported, however, there is not necessarily a relationship between these two measurements.

"The use of supporting materials on the underside of the test specimen may lower the flame spread index from that which might be obtained if the specimen could be tested without such support... This method may not be appropriate for obtaining comparative surface burning behavior of some cellular plastic materials... Testing of materials that melt, drip, or delaminate to such a degree that the continuity of the flame front is destroyed, results in low flame spread indices that do not relate directly to indices obtained by testing materials that remain in place."

This test method is also published under the following designations:

NFPA 255 UL 723 UBC 8-1

This standard should be used to measure and describe the properties of materials, products, or assemblies in response to heat and flame under controlled laboratory conditions and should not be used to describe or appraise the fire hazard or fire risk of materials, products, or assemblies under actual fire conditions. However, results of this test may be used as elements of a fire risk assessment which takes into account all of the factors which are pertinent to an assessment of the fire hazard of a particular end use.



## II. PURPOSE

The ASTM E84 (25 foot tunnel) test method is intended to compare the surface flame spread and smoke developed measurements to those obtained from tests of mineral fiber cement board and select grade red oak flooring. The test specimen surface (18 inches wide and 24 feet long) is exposed to a flaming fire exposure during the 10 minute test duration, while flame spread over its surface and density of the resulting smoke are measured and recorded. Test results are presented as the computed comparisons to the standard calibration materials.

The furnace is considered under calibration when a 10 minute test of red oak decking will pass flame out the end of the tunnel in five minutes, 30 seconds, plus or minus 15 seconds. Mineral fiber cement board forms the zero point for both flame spread and smoke developed indexes, while the red oak flooring smoke developed index is set as 100.

## III. TEST PROCEDURE

The tests were conducted in accordance with the procedures outlined in the ASTM E84. The specimens are placed directly on the tunnel ledges. As required by the standard, one or more layers of 0.25 inch thick reinforced concrete board are placed on top of the test sample between the sample and the tunnel lid. After the test, the samples are removed from the tunnel, examined and disposed of.

## IV. REVISION SUMMARY

	SUMMARY
المومكاع المامد Darrell Gonzales	<ol> <li>Company name and address changed</li> <li>Updated report to Rev 1.</li> </ol>
%_ Sal Romo	
May 29, 2013	



## V. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SPECIMENS

Date Received: 4/26/13

Date placed in the conditioning room: 4/26/13

Conditioning (73\mathbb{F} & 50\% R.H.): 13 days

Specimen Width (in): 23.5

Specimen Length (ft): 24

Specimen Thickness (in): 5.5 (maximum thickness) 0.5 (minimum

thickness)

Material Weight (lbs): 456

# **Mounting Method:**

The specimen was supported by 0.25 inch diameter metal rods that were spaced approximately every two feet and 20 - gage, 2-inch hexagonal galvanized steel netting. The finished side was exposed to the flames.

# **Specimen Description:**

The specimen was described by the client as "Vicoustic Fire Rated Acoustic Panel".

The 24-ft. long test specimen consisted of twenty-four 1-ft. long wooden acoustic panels. The shape of the sample caused a void on both sides of the specimen which did not allow a proper seal. Fiberglass blanket was used to create a better seal. Pictures provided below.



The product was received by our personnel in good condition and given an identification number of SAT1304261534-001.



## VI. TEST RESULTS & OBSERVATIONS

The test results, computed on the basis of observed flame front advance and electronic smoke density measurements are presented in the following table.

Test Specimen	Flame Spread Index	Smoke Developed Index
"Multifuser Wood 36, Multifuser Wood 64"	40	185

The data sheets are included in Appendix A. These sheets are actual print-outs of the computerized data system which monitors the tunnel furnace, and contain all calibration and specimen data needed to calculate the test results.

# VII. OBSERVATIONS

During the test, the specimen was observed to behave in the following manner.

Time (min:sec)	Observations
0:00	The test burners were turned on.
0:38	Steady ignition was observed.
4:50	Falling was observed (flaming block). Floor flames were observed.
10:00	The test burners were shut off.

After the burners were turned off, a 60+ second after flame was observed.

# After the test, the specimen was observed to be damaged as follows:

Distance (FEET)	Damage Descriptions
0 - 17	The specimen was heavily charred.
17 - 24	The specimen was charred.



# APPENDIX A ASTM E84 DATA SHEETS



# TEST RESULTS

FLAMESPREAD INDEX: 40

SMOKE DEVELOPED INDEX: 185

# SPECIMEN DATA . . .

Time to Ignition (sec): 38 Time to Max FS (sec): 540

Maximum FS (feet): 19.5

Time to 980 F (sec): 534
Time to End of Tunnel (sec): 540

Max Temperature (F): 1134

Time to Max Temperature (sec): 598

Total Fuel Burned (cubic feet): 48.35

FS\*Time Area (ft\*min): 78.7

Smoke Area (%A\*min): 146.1

Unrounded FSI: 40.5

# CALIBRATION DATA . . .

Time to Ignition of Last Red Oak (Sec): 52.0

Red Oak Smoke Area (%A\*min): 78.3





